

OBSERVATION OF DIPOLE-BOUND STATE AND HIGH-RESOLUTION PHOTOELECTRON IMAGING OF COLD ACETATE ANIONS

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We report the observation of a dipole-bound state and a high-resolution photoelectron imaging study of cryogenically cooled acetate anions (CH_3COO^-). Both high-resolution non-resonant and resonant photoelectron spectra via the dipole-bound state of CH_3COO^- are obtained. The binding energy of the dipole-bound state relative to the detachment threshold is determined to be $53 \pm 8 \text{ cm}^{-1}$. The electron affinity of the $\text{CH}_3\text{COO}^\bullet$ neutral radical is measured accurately as $26\,236 \pm 8 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ ($3.2528 \pm 0.0010 \text{ eV}$) using high-resolution photoelectron imaging. This accurate electron affinity is validated by observation of autodetachment from two vibrational levels of the dipole-bound state of CH_3COO^- . Excitation spectra to the dipole-bound states yield rotational profiles, allowing the rotational temperature of the trapped CH_3COO^- anions to be evaluated¹.

[1] D. L. Huang, G. Z. Zhu and L. S. Wang, *J. Chem. Phys.*, 2015, **142**, 091103